



partii naleraq

UKA2015/149

20. oktober 2015

**Uunga siunnersuut: Inuussutissarsiummik ingerlataqarneq pillugu Inatsisartut inatsisaat nr. xx, xx.xx 2015-imeersoq.**

(Inuussutissarsiornermut, Suliffeqarnermut Niuernermut Nunanullu Allanut Naalakkersuisoq)

Naalakkersuisut siulittaasuata ammaanermi oqalugiaataanut Partii Naleqqamiit ilaatigut imatut oqariartuuteqarpugut:

”Qinikkatut inissimasuusugut tamatta ilisimasariaqaralaripput nalunagu, pingaaruteqarmalli Partii Naleqqamiit eqqaaqqillarput, suliassatta pingaarnersarimmassuk inuiaqatigiit kalaallit amerlanerussuteqarluartuisa atugarissaarneruleriartornermik tunngaveqarlutik ulluinnarni inuuneqarnissaat aqutissiuutissagatsigu. Nunarsuatta sinneranituulli nunat avannarliit atugarissaarnermik tunngaviat aamma uagut maani angorusutaraarput, taassumap tunngavigaa isertitatigut inuiaqatigiinni agguataarineq imaakannersoq:

Pissakittut: 10-15% Akunnattumik isertitaqartartut: 60-70% Pigissaartut: 10-20%

Tamanna aamma isumaqarpoq pissakittut inuiaqatigiinni ikittuararsuummata, akunnattumillu isertitaqartartut amerlanerpaajullutik, pigissaartullu aamma ikittuullutik, tassaavorlu assiliaq maligassiuisoq.”

Tamannalu pisussaaffigaarput qulakkeerniassallugu, pingaartumik inatsisiliornitsinni aammalumi piginneqatigiiffinni piginneqataanitsinni, tassami aamma nangillugu nioqutissat pillugit imatut nagilluta allagaqarpugut:

”Nioqutissanik nuna tamakkerlugu kiffartuussinissamut qulakkeerinnittussatut inuiaqatigiit piginneqatigiiffiat KNI.

Siullermilli una: EU Naatsorsueqqissaartarfiata nutaarsiassaqarfia EU Stat/Newsrelease 114/2015 junip 19-iani EU-mi 2014-mi atuisartunut akit (Consumer price levels in 2014 - <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/2995521/6889786/2-19062015-BP-EN.pdf/15b2ae50-1da6-48e1-be99-8593395eab92>) pillugit ilaatigut ima nalunaaruteqarpoq:

Agguaqatigiisillugu EU-mi atuisartumut akeq kiffartuusseriaaserlu 100-miikkaagat, akikinnerpaaffiani Bulgariami 48-rusarpoq Danmarkimilu 138-sarluni – imatut paasillugu: Assersuutigalugu Bulgariami atuisartumut nioqutissaq 48 koruuneqaraangat Danmarkimi nioqutissaq taanna 138 koruuneqartarpoq.

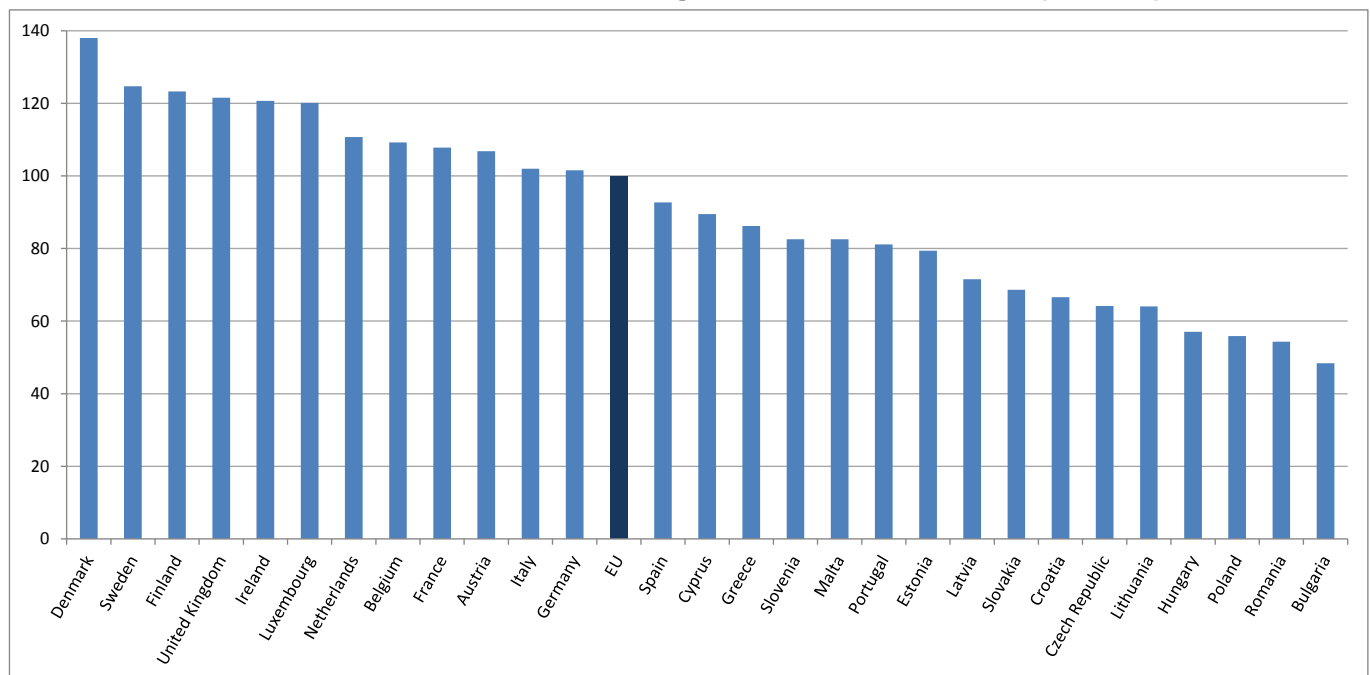
## Consumer price levels in 2014

# Price levels varied by almost one to three across the EU Member States

## Widest gap for alcohol and tobacco

In 2014, price levels for consumer goods and services<sup>1</sup> differed widely in the **European Union (EU)**: Poland was cheapest both for food and consumer electronics, while alcohol & tobacco as well as restaurants & hotels were the least expensive in Bulgaria. Prices for clothing were lowest in Hungary, while the Czech Republic was least expensive for both consumer electronics and personal transport equipment such as cars. Overall, price levels ranged from 48% of the EU average in **Bulgaria** to 138% in **Denmark**.

Price level indices for consumer goods and services, 2014 (EU=100)



These data on consumer price levels in 2014 come from an [article](#)<sup>2</sup> published by **Eurostat, the statistical office of the European Union**.

### Food price levels highest in Denmark, lowest in Poland

Price levels for food & non-alcoholic beverages in 2014 ranged from 61% of the EU average in **Poland** to 139% of the average in **Denmark**. Differences in price levels between Member States were less pronounced for this product group than for the total of goods and services. Price levels for alcoholic beverages & tobacco varied by one to three, the lowest prices being registered in **Bulgaria** (58% of the average) and **Hungary** (65%), and the highest in **Ireland** (170%) and the **United Kingdom** (165%). It should be noted that this large price variation is mainly due to differences in taxation of these products among Member States.

## Clothes most expensive in Sweden, cheapest in Hungary

Clothing is one of the groups of products showing a smaller price variation among Member States, with **Hungary** (70% of the average) cheapest and **Sweden** (121%) most expensive. Consumer electronics is another group of products where prices differed less among Member States, ranging from 85% of the average in both the **Czech Republic** and **Poland** to 116% in **Malta**.

With the noticeable exception of **Denmark** (151% of the average), price differences among Member States were also limited for personal transport equipment, from 75% in the **Czech Republic** to 114% in **Portugal** and 117% in the **Netherlands**. In contrast, prices for restaurants & hotels showed more significant variations, with price levels ranging from 46% of the average in **Bulgaria** to 147% of the average in **Denmark**.

### EU Member States with highest and lowest price level indices for selected consumer goods and services, 2014

	Rank	Food & non-alcoholic beverages	Rank	Alcoholic beverages & tobacco	Rank	Clothing
Highest price levels	1	Denmark	1	Ireland	1	Sweden
	2	Austria	2	United Kingdom	2	Denmark
	3	Finland	3	Finland	3	Finland
Lowest price levels	26	Bulgaria	25	Czech Republic	26	Poland
	27	Romania		Romania	27	Bulgaria
	28	Poland	27	Hungary	28	Hungary
			28	Bulgaria		
	Rank	Consumer electronics	Rank	Personal transport equipment	Rank	Restaurants & hotels
Highest price levels	1	Malta	1	Denmark	1	Denmark
	2	Cyprus	2	Netherlands	2	Sweden
	3	Denmark	3	Portugal	3	Finland
Lowest price levels	24	Bulgaria	26	Bulgaria	26	Romania
		Luxembourg		Poland	27	Hungary
		Hungary	28	Czech Republic	28	Bulgaria
	27	Czech Republic Poland				

- The data in this article are based on the results of price surveys covering more than 2400 consumer goods and services across Europe, which are part of the Eurostat-OECD Purchasing Power Parity program. Price level indices (PLIs) provide a comparison of countries' price levels relative to the European Union average: if the price level index is higher than 100, the country concerned is relatively more expensive than the EU average, while if the price level index is lower than 100, then the country is relatively cheaper than the EU average.

The overall price levels included in this News Release relate to the concept of household final consumption expenditure (HFCE), which consists of all expenditure incurred by households on goods and services for consumption, including also rents for housing. HFCE does not include expenditure on goods or services that are consumed by households but incurred by government or non-profit institutions, for instance, government education services or healthcare. Furthermore, the HFCE does not include purchase of housing. The following subcategories are shown in this News Release:

Subcategories	Include
Food & non-alcoholic beverages	Bread and cereals, meat, fish, milk, cheese, eggs, oils and fats, fruits, vegetables, potatoes, other food, non-alcoholic beverages.
Alcoholic beverages & tobacco	E.g. spirits, wine, beer, tobacco.
Clothing	Clothing materials, men's, women's, children's and infant's clothing, other articles of clothing and clothing accessories. Excludes cleaning, repair and hire of clothing.
Consumer electronics	E.g. televisions, DVD players, receivers, audio systems, MP3 players, cameras, camcorders, desktop and laptop computers, monitors, printers, scanners, software, music CDs, movie DVDs, empty CDs and DVDs. Excludes repair of such equipment.
Personal transport equipment	Motor cars, motor cycles and bicycles and excludes maintenance and repair of personal transport equipment, spare parts and fuel.
Restaurants & hotels	E.g. restaurants, cafés, pubs, bars, canteens, hotels, youth hostels.

The subcategories shown in the News Release comprise only a part of total HFCE, and therefore the total price level index for a Member State is not the aggregation of these six subcategories.

- Eurostat, Statistics Explained article, "**Comparative price levels of consumer goods and services**": [http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/Comparative\\_price\\_levels\\_of\\_consumer\\_goods\\_and\\_services](http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/Comparative_price_levels_of_consumer_goods_and_services)

**Price level indices for consumer goods and services<sup>1</sup>, 2014 (EU=100)**

	Total	Food & non-alcoholic beverages	Alcoholic beverages & tobacco	Clothing	Consumer electronics	Personal transport equipment	Restaurants & hotels
<b>EU</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Belgium</b>	109	111	98	105	108	104	116
<b>Bulgaria</b>	48	70	58	79	91	83	46
<b>Czech Republic</b>	64	81	72	85	85	75	54
<b>Denmark</b>	138	139	121	120	109	151	147
<b>Germany</b>	102	109	89	101	95	96	97
<b>Estonia</b>	79	88	83	105	105	86	80
<b>Ireland</b>	121	115	170	92	100	108	127
<b>Greece</b>	86	99	89	89	102	91	84
<b>Spain</b>	93	93	86	85	95	101	88
<b>France</b>	108	107	108	102	101	104	112
<b>Croatia</b>	67	90	77	86	105	89	72
<b>Italy</b>	102	112	95	104	98	99	109
<b>Cyprus</b>	89	106	95	89	111	89	96
<b>Latvia</b>	72	87	84	101	99	87	77
<b>Lithuania</b>	64	78	73	99	99	85	65
<b>Luxembourg</b>	120	119	86	99	91	94	107
<b>Hungary</b>	57	76	65	70	91	84	51
<b>Malta</b>	83	100	101	94	116	101	89
<b>Netherlands</b>	111	97	106	101	100	117	115
<b>Austria</b>	107	124	90	95	98	103	107
<b>Poland</b>	56	61	74	84	85	83	72
<b>Portugal</b>	81	89	85	91	95	114	76
<b>Romania</b>	54	68	72	86	107	86	52
<b>Slovenia</b>	83	99	83	94	103	87	86
<b>Slovakia</b>	69	88	78	97	92	84	67
<b>Finland</b>	123	123	136	114	105	112	128
<b>Sweden</b>	125	119	131	121	100	101	136
<b>United Kingdom</b>	122	106	165	104	108	102	113
<b>Iceland</b>	117	127	172	139	148	121	129
<b>Norway</b>	148	169	239	127	108	150	176
<b>Switzerland</b>	154	153	119	122	94	105	152
<b>Montenegro</b>	57	77	57	92	102	86	62
<b>Former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia</b>	47	58	38	76	92	82	40
<b>Albania</b>	50	69	45	66	108	77	42
<b>Serbia</b>	53	74	53	92	94	83	50
<b>Turkey</b>	61	84	87	63	87	110	74
<b>Bosnia &amp; Herzegovina</b>	53	74	50	85	98	84	57

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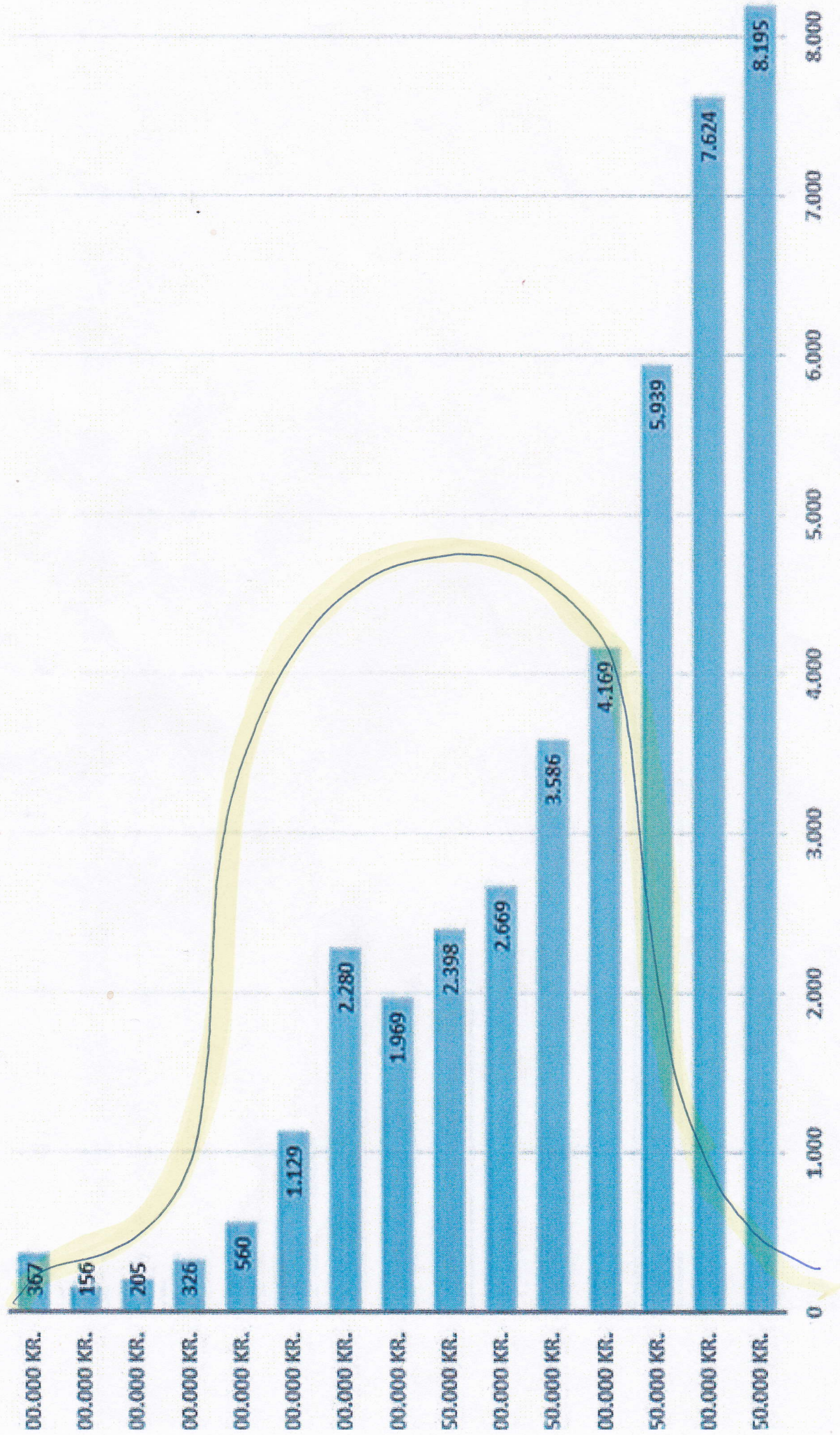
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# Indkomstinterval - antal personers Skattepligtig indkomst Grønland 2013-tal



Tassa imaappoq nioqqutissaq taannarpiaq pingasoriaatingajammik Bulgariami Danmarkimiit akikinneruvoq.

Erseqqisaavatigissavara EU Stat (ec.europa.eu/eurostat) aammalu OECD (oecd.org) misissuinerminni, sualummik akinut tunngatillugu, nioqqutissap pitsaassutaasa assigiittuunissaa naatsorsueriaaseq malillugu qulakkeerneqartarmat, taamaattumik akinik naleqqersuussinermi qulakkeerneqartarpoq pitsaassuseq assigiittoq tunngavigalugu akinik assersuusiortarput.

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Tamannalu pisarpoq suliffeqarfik alla inuiaqatigiit pigisaat Royal Arctic Line A/S assartuisuliullugu

Tamanna Naalackersuisut qulakkeersinnaangaluarpassuk taava qularissanngilaat Partii Naleqqap tapersersuinissaa. Soorlu aamma Partii Naleqqamit iluatsillugu Naalackersuisut kaammattorusukkigut Pilersuisup illoqarfinnut anginernut unammillerfiusunut pulanissaa. Aningaasammi nunatsinniit aniaannartut taamaasilluta ikilisarneqarsinnaassangamik aningaasaqarnikkullu iluaqutaalluni, qulaani aaqqiissutigeqqusat qaavatigut iliuusissatut.

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Assaap saamerliup assak talerperleq sulersersoq nalunngittariaqarpaa.

Qujanaq

Per Rosing Petersen

NB: kakkiunneqarput bilag 1 & 2